

Report on

Identification of Street and Working Children engaged in work in different authorized and unauthorized establishments in Selected KMC Wards



By

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Acknowledgement

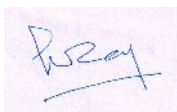
I am deeply indebted to Save the Children, UK West Bengal office for keeping confidence on Kolkata Konsultants and giving opportunity to carry out Identification of Street and Working Children engaged in work in different authorized and unauthorized establishments in 50 selected Kolkata Municipal Wards.

I would like to express my sincere gratitude to Mr. Manabendra Nath Roy, State Programme Manager, Ms. Carolyn Winget, Program Coordinator and Mr. Chittapriyo Sadhu, Advocacy Coordinator of Save the Children, UK, West Bengal Office for their constant support.

I must like to express my heartiest thanks to Prof. Jaydev Majumdar, Deputy Director, Jay Prakash Institute of Social Science for his valuable suggestions and guidance in structuring the said project.

I would like to convey my sincere thanks to City Level Programme On Action, including their 6 partners, and 5 NGOs namely, Right Track, Bidhannagar Association for Social and Health Advancement, Nirman Social Welfare Organization, Development Research Communication and Service Centre, and Development Action Society. I must appreciate the effort and enthusiasm of their staffs and data collectors who had been collected data from 50 selected wards.

Finally, I would like to thank my all colleagues for verification of data and all analyses work. I very much appreciate their utmost cooperation.



Partha Roy
Director, Kolkata Konsultants
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Background

India is a home of almost 19% of the world's children. The provisional population of Census of India 2011 shows that 4,486,679 people are in 141 KMC Wards of Kolkata including 2,362,662 male and 2,124,014 female, which is 4.91% Of total population of West Bengal. Despite of various measures taken by the Government of India, the condition of a considerable number of children in India continues to be pitiable. Nearly, 12.6 million children ¹are engaged in different hazardous occupation, making the country home to largest population of child labours. Rapid growth of the manufacturing sector and urbanization has witnessed rapid influx of rural population to urban areas and has also played a catalytic action in increasing the volume of child labour in India. Human development report of UNDP ²states that working children in India make up more than 10% of labour force³, which is much greater than the world average of 6%. Undoubtedly, most powerful force driving children into labour is exploitation of poverty. Other reasons are found to be low level like adult literacy, population explosion, large family, miserable condition of primary education, leading to high school drop-outs and lack of social security. These child workers are engaged in various types of working situations in unorganized urban sectors like daily wage casual labourers in small factories and workshops, miscellaneous trades, workers bound as apprentices to artisans or self employed workers engaged in various street works. They have to work in unkind, uncomfortable and often physically hazardous environment for long hours of the day without rest. They are ill paid and conditions of work are often exploitative.

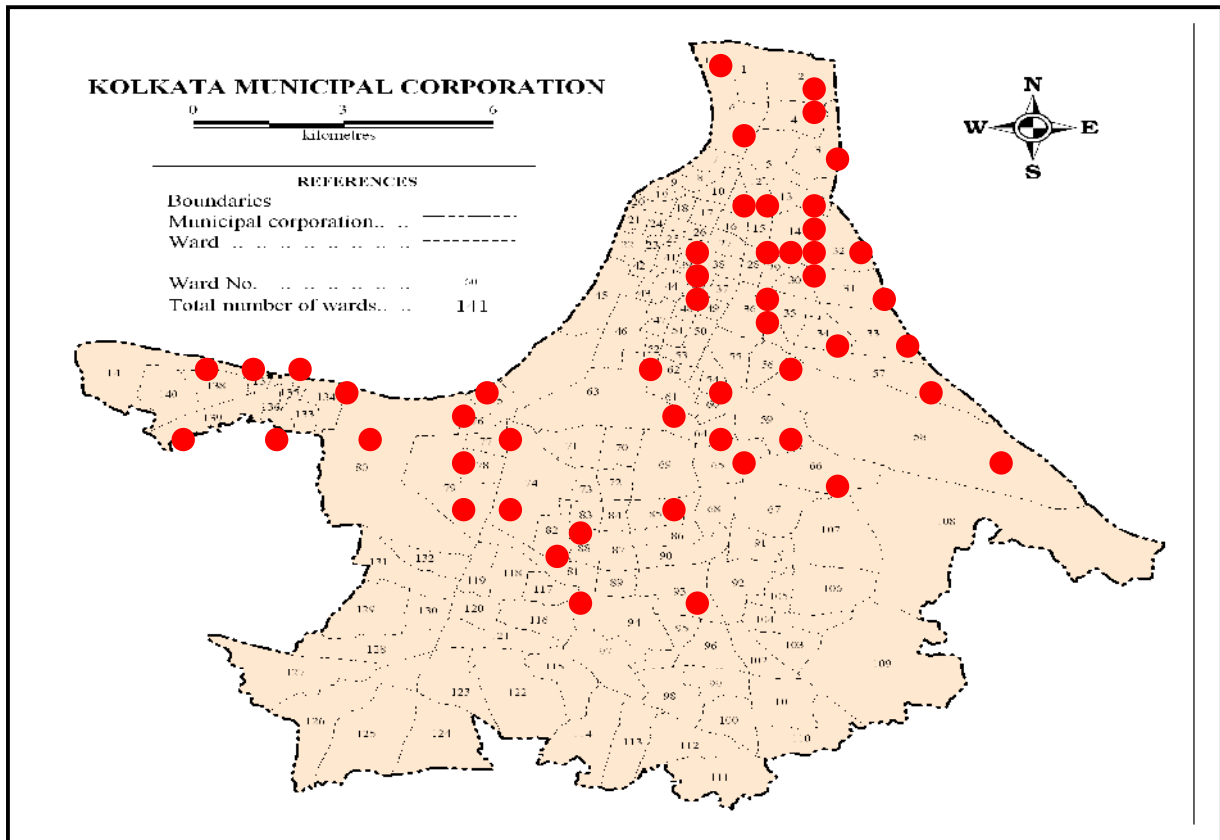
Present survey was undertaken in the 50 selected KMC wards to identify street and working children engaged in work in different authorized and unauthorized establishments. The survey was done by City Level Programme On Action along with their 6 (six) partners and 4 (four) different NGOs situated in Kolkata from last week of June, 2011 to 20th August 2011. Total **5019 working children** are identified randomly through snow ball sampling methods.

¹ United Nations World Population Prospects Report, for the period 2005-2010

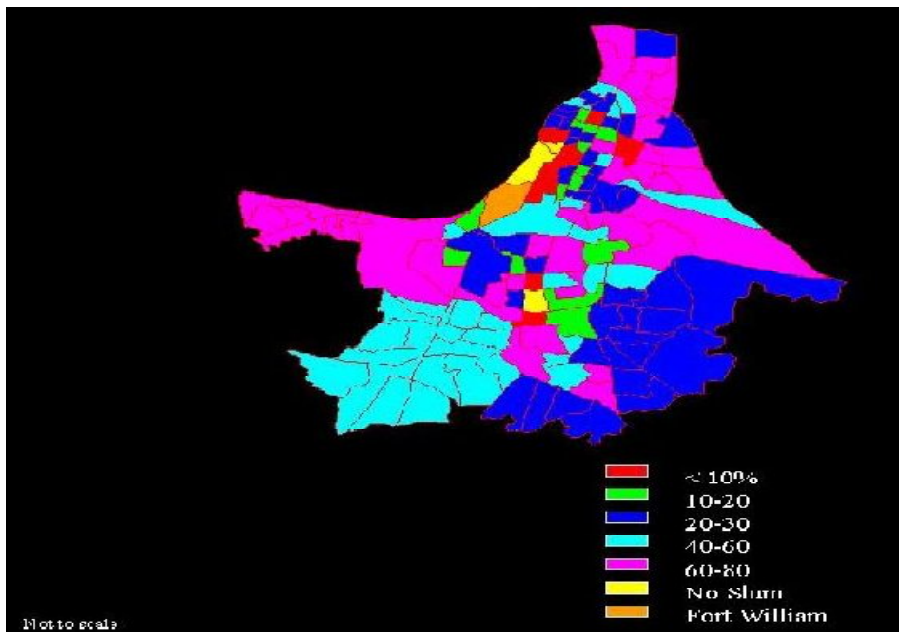
² Human Development Report

³ Ruikar Manisha. Child Labour in India: Problems and Solutions

50 Selected KMC Wards



Map:1 50, Selected KMC Wards where survey was conducted



Map:2 Density of Slum population Ward Wise

Rationale

The survey is an effort to understand the social, economic and cultural detriments that forces children at a young age to live in the streets and negotiate with the hard realities of life in order to eke out a scanty living. Deprived of parental and family care, nature of indignity heaped upon them, and the root causes from which these hapless children continue to suffer deprivation, ostracism and discrimination have the major focus of this survey.

A database is prepared on identification of street and working children engaged in work in different authorized and unauthorized establishments for earning and sustenance focusing on socio-economic condition, livelihoods options, family ties, educational background and employment details in 50 selected wards under Kolkata Municipal Corporation, to set forth recommendations on appropriate intervention.

Methodology

1. Sampling Frame and Analyses:

A. Selection of KMC Wards

Out of 141 KMC Wards, first 50 wards are selected on the basis of two common indicators:

1. Where slum population is higher

2. Where working slum population is higher

List of Wards and Concern NGOs

Sl. No.	Name of the NGOs	List of Wards	Total Number
1	CLPOA	2,3,4,6,9,28,29,30,31,33,34,35,36,39, 56,59, 60,61,62,64,65,66,67,81, 82,85,88,134,135,136,137,138,139	33
2	Right Track	74,75,76,77,78,79,80	7
3	BASHA	1,14,15,16,32,37,38	7
4	Nirman	93	1
5	DRCSC	57	1
6	DAS	58	1

B. Target Children

Children who are working in different authorized and unauthorized establishments like garages, hotels, restaurants, road side tea stalls, dhabas, economic zones like vegetable markets, or doing any other odd jobs for earning, etc. are included in the data base. The working children living status is categorized under three sections:

- Children working in different establishment and living with their parents
- Migrant children working and living in the establishment and living alone
- Children working and living on the street

Age Group of Children:

1. 6 year to 9 year
2. 10 year to 14 year
3. 15 year to 18 year

C. Data Collection

i) Non-probability purposive sampling method or snow ball sampling method was followed to identify street and working children in different pockets.

ii) All authorized and unauthorized establishments like garages, hotels, restaurants, road side tea stalls, dhabas, shops, economic zones like vegetable markets, where children are engaged was covered

iii) Information regarding street and working children was collected on the basis of a structured interview schedule under a given guidelines.

iv) All data is stored in Microsoft Excel and analyzed in SPASS

2. Source of Information:

Primary source:

Children working in different authorized and unauthorized establishments like garages, hotels, restaurants, road side tea stalls, dhabas, shops, economic zones like vegetable markets in selected KMC Wards.

Secondary Sources:

- Census data, Ward Maps, Reports/Records on street children in Kolkata

Outcome of the survey:

A quantitative database prepared in 50 selected KMC Wards on Street and Working Children along with relevant qualitative analysis.

Limitations of the Survey

1. Rapid-urbanization

Rapid urbanization has changed the societal scenario. There are so many instances in various wards of KMC where multistoried buildings are developed in places of closed/abundant factories. In such places shifting of unauthorized slums and street shelters are evident. One of the good examples is the Ward no. 93. During the survey it was found that slum populations were present in this area but as because of rapid development of new multistoried buildings these unauthorized slums were scattered and shifted to different places. As a result expected % pf children population is not found in this ward. In many wards during the survey the data collectors have faced the similar situation.

2. Non-cooperation with the employers

Data collectors have faced a strong resistance from many employers were few children were working and in many cases children were found staying at that place of employers.

3. Non-cooperation of house-owners

In this survey many full time maids may be within 6 to 14 years could not be reached, who were staying in multistoried building or housing complex. The data collectors were not allowed to enter into some of the complexes and no cooperation have been received from the owners end. As a result in this survey children who are staying in houses are not incorporated, only working children who are staying in streets, slums, market places and in other places including few employers places are considered.

4. Non-cooperation of children and parents

Many children hesitated to talk with the data collectors and did not disclose about them at all. Some parents also restricted their children to talk with the data collectors and they too did not tell anything about their wards.

Major Findings

- All **total 5019** working children are found in 50 selected KMC wards
- Out of them **70 % (3509)** children are male and **30 % (1510)** children are female
- Maximum number of children is found in Ward No. **58**, which is 422 in number, including 296 male 126 female children
- The least number of children is found in KMC Ward no. **61**, where only 12 male children are found
- **54%** (2732) Muslim, **45%** (2239) Hindu, **0.4%** (19) Shikhs, **0.05%** (3) Christian and **0.05%** (3) children from other religions are found. **0.5% (23)** children are found who do not know their religion
- **89% (4463)** children are staying with their parents in Kolkata either with single or both parents; **0.5%** (28) children are staying with parents outside Kolkata and coming for their jobs in Kolkata almost every day. About **3%** (148) children are staying with other guardians in Kolkata. Remaining **7.5 % (380)** children including **7.2%** (364) male and **0.3%** (16) female children are staying alone, either in street, slums or with employers
- **58 % (2914)** children are staying in recognized and unrecognized slums, **10%** each with employers and in footpath, **4%** in shanty besides roads, **3%** in railway stations and **1 %** children each in under bridge/ flyover, in religious places, market and bus terminus. Remaining **11 %** children are staying in other locations including own house, rented house etc.
- Out of 5019 children **78%** (3929) children are found out of school and only **22%** (1090) children are found still studying in different formal and informal schools.
- Out of children who are still studying **11.4 % (569)** in primary schools, **7.9 % (396)** in upper primary school and **2.9%** (125) is in high school. Maximum retention rate is in ward no 135 which is 12 % of total surveyed children.
- Among total out of school children **40%** (2048) are male, including **6%** (316) in 6-9 years age group, **25 % (1261)** in 10-14 years age group and **9%** (468) in 15-18 years of age group. Remaining **38 % (1884)** are female children including **27 % (1336)** of 6-9 years age group, **4%** (195) 10-14 years age group and **7%** (353) of 15-18 years of age group.
- Out of **70%** (3501) children who have attended schools, **48%** (2411) children are found drop out in various classes.
- Highest rate of drop out is seen in primary level, which is **34.94%** (1754). Out of this maximum drop out is found in class IV, which is **10%** (489) and then in class II that is,

9% (476). In upper primary level this rate is **11.61%** (583) and in high school it is **1.48%** (74). High drop out rate is seen in ward no. **58** and **138**, which is **4%** and **3%** respectively. Least rate of drop out seen in ward no. **15** which is 0.02% of the total surveyed children.

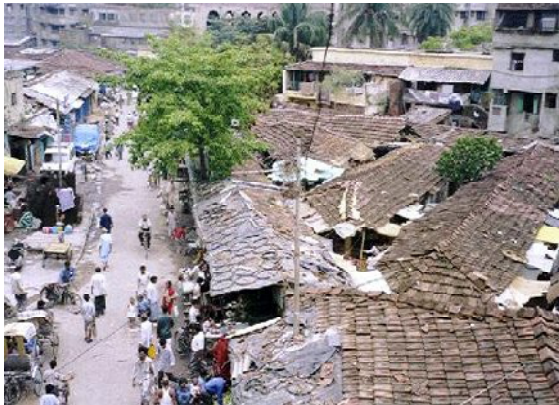
- In the present survey it is found that 100% children who have been found in the ward nos. **28, 30, 57, 93, 137, 138** and **139** are all out of school children including never enrolled.
- **30%** (1518) children out of total never enrolled in any educational infrastructure among them **22%** (1110) male and **8%** (408) female.
- Out of male children 3.6 % (181) children are of 6-9 age groups, 10.9 % (549) children from 10-14 years of age group and 7.6 % (380) children are from 15-18 years of age group.
- Among female never-enrolled children 2.2% (111) children are from 6 to 9 years age group, 4.1 % (205) children are from 10-14 years age group and 1.8 % (92) is of 15 to 18 years of age group.
- Maximum number of never enrolled children is found in KMC Ward Nos. **29** and **30** in 3% (129) and 2% (103) respectively. In comparison, in ward no. **16** and **61**, no never-enrolled children are found.
- Highest number of working children is engaged in rag picking, which is about **11%** (537) and majority of them are in ward no **58**, where out of 422 children, 223 children are rag pickers. Greater part of them is out of school children.
- Second highest number of child labour is engaged in embroidery work, which is about **9%** (444) children. Highest population of them are in Ward no. **139**, where out of 101 children 100 children are found engaged in embroidery work.
- Third highest number of children is found as domestic maid. It is **8%** (404) of total children and maximum of this children are in ward no. **60**, where 31 children out of 150 are engaged as domestic maid.
- It is seen that majority of out of school children are engaged in rag picking (8%), embroidery work (7%), domestic maid (6%), working in roadside hotels and dhabas (5%) respectively.



Ward no. 38



Ward No. 13 Unauthorised slum



Ward No 59



Squatter Settement in Ward no 57

Overall Observations

Analyzing the available data from the survey conducted by five NGOs of Kolkata and their partners from last week of June 2011 to 31st August, 2011, following information have been derived from the 50 selected wards:

1. Total Children in male-female ratio:

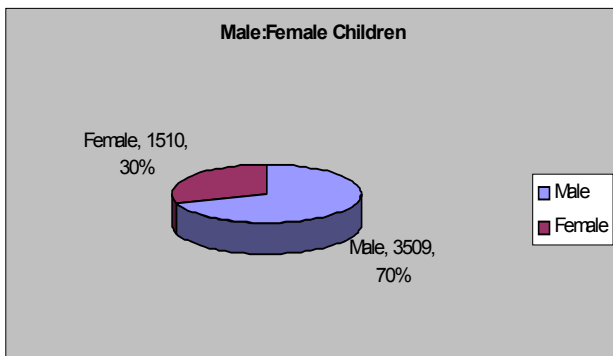
All total **5019 working and street children** are found in 50 selected KMC wards (Table:1). Among them 70 % children are male (3509 in number) and 30 % children are female (1510) in number (Table: 2). No female working child is found in KMC Ward no 34 and 61.

2. Age group-wise children

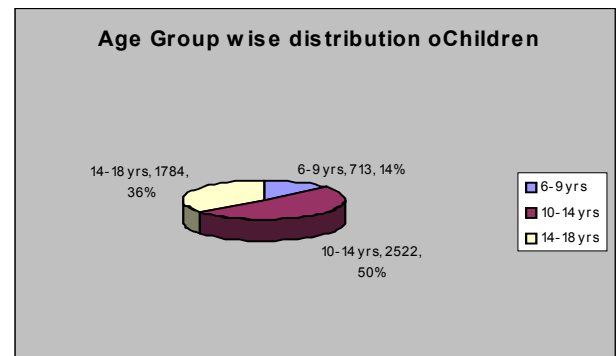
Out of the surveyed children it is found that 713 Children belongs to 6 to 9 years of age group, which is the least group found in the survey. 2522 children are found in between 10 to 14 years of age group. This group is highest in number, and 1784 children are found in age group of 15-18 years (Table 1).

3. Maximum and least number of children

Maximum children are found in **KMC ward no. 58**, where 422 children including 296 male and 126 female are found, which is 8.4 % of total children found. The least number of children are in **KMC ward no. 61**, where only 12 male children are found, which is 0.2 % of the total children (Table:2).



Graph:1 Male and Female Ratio



Graph 2: Age group wise children

**Table:1
Children and their Age Group**

Ward No.	6-9 years	% in total	10-14 years	% in total	15-18 years	% in total	Total	% of total
1	25	0.5	77	1.5	28	0.6	130	2.6
2	2	0.0	21	0.4	12	0.2	35	0.7
3	3	0.1	51	1.0	16	0.3	70	1.4
4	5	0.1	26	0.5	50	1.0	81	1.6
6	6	0.1	52	1.0	29	0.6	87	1.7
9	6	0.1	58	1.2	36	0.7	100	2.0
14	3	0.1	74	1.5	4	0.1	81	1.6
15	14	0.3	51	1.0	11	0.2	76	1.5
16	4	0.1	29	0.6	46	0.9	79	1.6
28	22	0.4	58	1.2	52	1.0	132	2.6
29	73	1.5	63	1.3	19	0.4	155	3.1
30	47	0.9	62	1.2	30	0.6	139	2.8
31	7	0.1	23	0.5	22	0.4	52	1.0
32	22	0.4	49	1.0	17	0.3	88	1.8
33	3	0.1	50	1.0	35	0.7	88	1.8
34	0	0.0	2	0.0	24	0.5	26	0.5
35	12	0.2	38	0.8	26	0.5	76	1.5
36	6	0.1	36	0.7	24	0.5	66	1.3
37	22	0.4	14	0.3	0	0.0	36	0.7
38	8	0.2	58	1.2	10	0.2	76	1.5
39	18	0.4	40	0.8	17	0.3	75	1.5
56	23	0.5	44	0.9	16	0.3	83	1.7
57	8	0.2	15	0.3	12	0.2	35	0.7
58	30	0.6	178	3.5	214	4.3	422	8.4
59	9	0.2	34	0.7	42	0.8	85	1.7
60	30	0.6	77	1.5	43	0.9	150	3.0
61	1	0.0	10	0.2	1	0.0	12	0.2
62	2	0.0	7	0.1	14	0.3	23	0.5
64	59	1.2	65	1.3	25	0.5	149	3.0
65	7	0.1	74	1.5	71	1.4	152	3.0
66	21	0.4	113	2.3	9	0.2	143	2.8
67	18	0.4	14	0.3	5	0.1	37	0.7
74	3	0.1	44	0.9	46	0.9	93	1.9
75	10	0.2	32	0.6	51	1.0	93	1.9
76	1	0.0	31	0.6	38	0.8	70	1.4
77	4	0.1	42	0.8	32	0.6	78	1.6
78	6	0.1	68	1.4	60	1.2	134	2.7
79	7	0.1	74	1.5	53	1.1	134	2.7
80	23	0.5	84	1.7	73	1.5	180	3.6
81	1	0.0	23	0.5	51	1.0	75	1.5
82	1	0.0	72	1.4	12	0.2	85	1.7
85	0	0.0	66	1.3	11	0.2	77	1.5
88	1	0.0	36	0.7	42	0.8	79	1.6
93	1	0.0	11	0.2	17	0.3	29	0.6
134	28	0.6	83	1.7	39	0.8	150	3.0
135	23	0.5	70	1.4	58	1.2	151	3.0
136	36	0.7	70	1.4	40	0.8	146	2.9
137	0	0.0	64	1.3	86	1.7	150	3.0
138	0	0.0	56	1.1	99	2.0	155	3.1
139	52	1.0	33	0.7	16	0.3	101	2.0
Total	713	14.2	2522	50.2	1784	35.5	5019	100.0

**Table:2
Ward wise and sex wise children**

Ward wise and sex wise number of children						
Ward no	Male	% in Total	Female	% in Total	Total	% Total Children
1	73	1.5	57	1.1	130	2.6
2	27	0.5	8	0.2	35	0.7
3	58	1.2	12	0.2	70	1.4
4	75	1.5	6	0.1	81	1.6
6	73	1.5	14	0.3	87	1.7
9	67	1.3	33	0.7	100	2.0
14	41	0.8	40	0.8	81	1.6
15	41	0.8	35	0.7	76	1.5
16	62	1.2	17	0.3	79	1.6
28	98	2.0	34	0.7	132	2.6
29	95	1.9	60	1.2	155	3.1
30	93	1.9	46	0.9	139	2.8
31	29	0.6	23	0.5	52	1.0
32	56	1.1	32	0.6	88	1.8
33	74	1.5	14	0.3	88	1.8
34	26	0.5	0	0.0	26	0.5
35	65	1.3	11	0.2	76	1.5
36	56	1.1	10	0.2	66	1.3
37	23	0.5	13	0.3	36	0.7
38	45	0.9	31	0.6	76	1.5
39	52	1.0	23	0.5	75	1.5
56	48	1.0	35	0.7	83	1.7
57	29	0.6	6	0.1	35	0.7
58	296	5.9	126	2.5	422	8.4
59	76	1.5	9	0.2	85	1.7
60	97	1.9	53	1.1	150	3.0
61	12	0.2	0	0.0	12	0.2
62	21	0.4	2	0.0	23	0.5
64	102	2.0	47	0.9	149	3.0
65	136	2.7	16	0.3	152	3.0
66	61	1.2	82	1.6	143	2.8
67	17	0.3	20	0.4	37	0.7
74	85	1.7	8	0.2	93	1.9
75	85	1.7	8	0.2	93	1.9
76	43	0.9	27	0.5	70	1.4
77	75	1.5	3	0.1	78	1.6
78	127	2.5	7	0.1	134	2.7
79	117	2.3	17	0.3	134	2.7
80	159	3.2	21	0.4	180	3.6
81	46	0.9	29	0.6	75	1.5
82	47	0.9	38	0.8	85	1.7
85	37	0.7	40	0.8	77	1.5
88	44	0.9	35	0.7	79	1.6
93	23	0.5	6	0.1	29	0.6
134	72	1.4	78	1.6	150	3.0
135	48	1.0	103	2.1	151	3.0
136	55	1.1	91	1.8	146	2.9
137	134	2.7	16	0.3	150	3.0
138	142	2.8	13	0.3	155	3.1
139	46	0.9	55	1.1	101	2.0
Total	3509	69.9	1510	30.1	5019	100.0

4. Caste of children

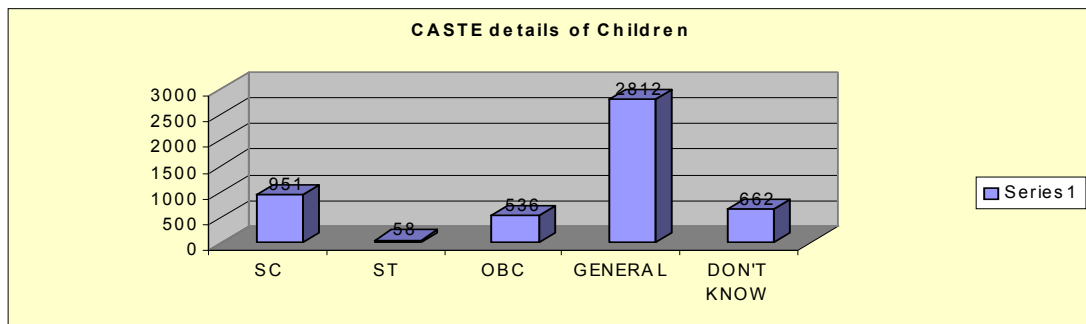
Out of total children found in 50 selected KMC wards 19 % (951) children are found SC, 1% (58) children are ST, 11% (536) children are OBC and 56 % (2812) children belong to General Category, 13% (662) children do not know their caste (Table: 3).

Maximum population of SC children is in ward no 58 (7%), ST children in ward no. 39 (0.9%) OBC children in ward no 138 (2%) and general category children are high in 60, 134, 135 (3% each) ward nos.

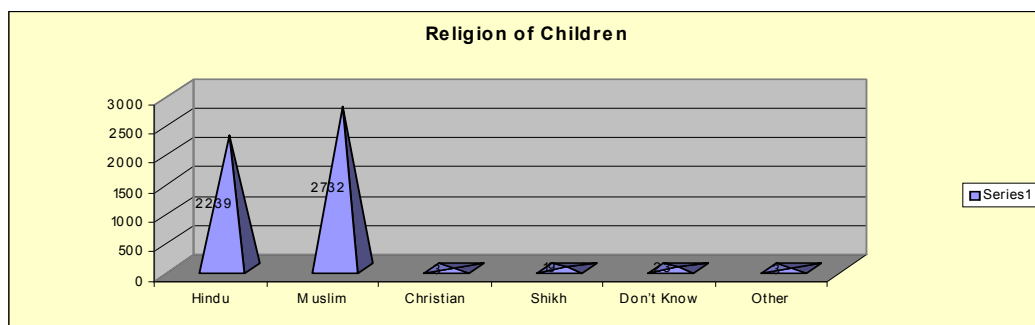
5. Religion of Children

From the available information it is noticed that out of total children 45% (2239) are Hindu, 54% (2732) children are Muslim, .05% (3) children are Christians and .4% (19) children are found Sikhs. Remaining .5% (23) children do not know their religion. Apart from them .05% (3) children are found from other religions (Table: 4).

Maximum Hindu children are found in ward no. 58 which is 405 in number. Maximum Muslim population is in ward no. 135, which is 150 (3%). Only three Christian children are found in ward nos. 15, 32 and 77, 1 (one) child in each. Maximum number of Shikh children is found in ward no. 1 which is 5 in number (.1%).



Graph: 3 Cast details of Children



Graph: 4 Religions of Children

Table 3
Ward wise and caste wise children

Ward No	SC	ST	OBC	General	Don't know	Total
1	8	3	77	41	1	130
2	8	0	0	12	15	35
3	9	1	3	17	40	70
4	18	5	0	44	14	81
6	9	1	5	27	45	87
9	20	0	0	48	32	100
14	73	0	1	6	1	81
15	38	4	20	5	9	76
16	12	0	45	17	5	79
28	0	0	0	120	12	132
29	3	0	2	150	0	155
30	59	0	0	80	0	139
31	8	0	0	33	11	52
32	35	2	24	12	15	88
33	13	0	6	19	50	88
34	5	0	5	14	2	26
35	9	0	0	53	14	76
36	3	0	5	23	35	66
37	26	0	10	0	0	36
38	23	5	22	8	18	76
39	18	0	1	15	41	75
56	0	0	11	68	4	83
57	0	0	0	35	0	35
58	331	13	2	74	2	422
59	0	0	50	23	12	85
60	0	0	0	149	1	150
61	2	0	0	8	2	12
62	0	0	5	15	3	23
64	40	1	2	98	8	149
65	0	0	0	98	54	152
66	2	0	1	139	1	143
67	2	0	2	33	0	37
74	10	1	0	50	32	93
75	12	1	0	68	12	93
76	5	1	3	53	8	70
77	8	0	5	55	10	78
78	25	2	16	88	3	134
79	17	3	1	60	53	134
80	50	4	3	83	40	180
81	3	4	2	60	6	75
82	22	1	1	59	2	85
85	16	4	0	54	3	77
88	8	1	3	56	11	79
93	1	0	0	7	21	29
134	0	0	0	149	1	150
135	0	0	2	149	0	151
136	0	0	1	144	1	146
137	0	1	94	54	1	150
138	0	0	106	40	9	155
139	0	0	0	99	2	101
Total	951	58	536	2812	662	5019

Table:4
Ward wise Religious Status of Children

Ward No.	Hindu	Muslim	Christian	Sikh	Don't know	Other	Total
1	47	78	0	5	0	0	130
2	31	4	0	0	0	0	35
3	38	30	0	2	0	0	70
4	42	38	0	1	0	0	81
6	47	38	0	2	0	0	87
9	92	6	0	2	0	0	100
14	78	3	0	0	0	0	81
15	65	10	1	0	0	0	76
16	20	59	0	0	0	0	79
28	5	127	0	0	0	0	132
29	9	146	0	0	0	0	155
30	137	2	0	0	0	0	139
31	52	0	0	0	0	0	52
32	84	3	1	0	0	0	88
33	58	28	0	2	0	0	88
34	15	11	0	0	0	0	26
35	53	21	0	0	2	0	76
36	28	38	0	0	0	0	66
37	31	5	0	0	0	0	36
38	51	25	0	0	0	0	76
39	24	51	0	0	0	0	75
56	0	83	0	0	0	0	83
57	19	16	0	0	0	0	35
58	405	5	0	1	11	0	422
59	2	83	0	0	0	0	85
60	1	149	0	0	0	0	150
61	2	10	0	0	0	0	12
62	1	22	0	0	0	0	23
64	43	105	0	1	0	0	149
65	0	152	0	0	0	0	152
66	2	141	0	0	0	0	143
67	25	12	0	0	0	0	37
74	56	25	0	2	7	3	93
75	30	62	0	1	0	0	93
76	61	9	0	0	0	0	70
77	10	67	1	0	0	0	78
78	35	99	0	0	0	0	134
79	86	48	0	0	0	0	134
80	116	61	0	0	3	0	180
81	62	13	0	0	0	0	75
82	85	0	0	0	0	0	85
85	77	0	0	0	0	0	77
88	79	0	0	0	0	0	79
93	20	9	0	0	0	0	29
134	3	147	0	0	0	0	150
135	1	150	0	0	0	0	151
136	1	145	0	0	0	0	146
137	1	149	0	0	0	0	150
138	9	146	0	0	0	0	155
139	0	101	0	0	0	0	101
Total	2239	2732	3	19	23	3	5019

6. Living Status of Children

In this survey it is found that **89% (4463)** children are staying with their parents in Kolkata either with single or both parents; **0.5% (28)** children are staying with parents outside Kolkata and coming for their jobs in Kolkata almost every day. About **3% (148)** children are staying with other guardians in Kolkata. Remaining **7.5 % (380)** children including **7.2% (364)** male and **0.3% (16)** female children are staying alone, either in street, slums or with employers. In case of children staying alone male children are found more in number and it is maximum in KMC ward no. 75, where out of 93 children 49 children, all boys are staying alone either in slums or in street. In few cases it is found that they had migrated together with their parents, but parent went back to their native places and these children are continuing work staying alone.(Table 6)

7. Places of Staying

Children from different living conditions are identified. Out of them **58 % (2914)** children are staying in recognized and unrecognized slums, **10% (477 & 502)** each with employers and in footpath respectively, **4% (221)** in shanty besides roads, **3% (157)** in railway stations and **1 % (52, 54, 65 & 39)** children each in under bridge/ flyover, in religious places, market and bus terminus. Remaining **11 %** children are staying in other locations including own house, rented house etc. (Table 5)

Table: 5
Places of Staying

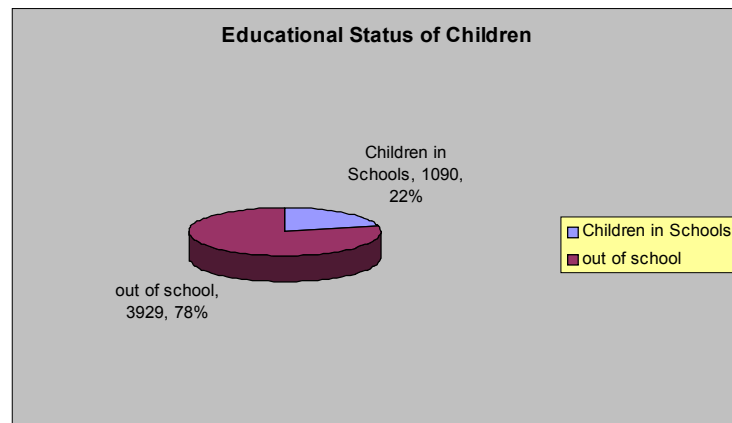
Staying place of children	Age-group wise distribution			Sex wise distribution		Total	
	6-9 years	10-14 years	15-18 years	Male	Female	Total No.	Stay-place wise %
Footpath	124	225	128	286	191	477	10
Sthanty besides Road	28	139	54	141	80	221	4
Under Bridge/Flyover	17	20	15	45	7	52	1
In religious places	3	25	26	49	5	54	1
Markets	3	26	36	65	0	65	1
Railway Stations	37	76	44	121	36	157	3
Bus Terminus	3	23	13	33	6	39	1
At employer place	33	220	249	477	25	502	10
Slum	368	1503	1043	1962	952	2914	58
Others	97	265	176	330	208	538	11
Total	713	2522	1784	3509	1510	5019	100
Percentage	14	50	36	70	30	100	

Table: 6
Living Status of Children

Ward No	Parents (in Kolkata)			Other guardian in Kolkata			Parents outside Kolkata			Alone		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
1	63	52	115	8	5	13	0	0	0	1	1	02
2	11	4	15	0	1	1	0	0	0	16	3	19
3	49	12	61	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	09
4	37	6	43	6	0	6	2	0	2	30	0	30
6	59	14	73	0	0	0	1	0	1	13	0	13
9	50	30	80	2	0	2	1	0	1	14	3	17
14	35	39	74	6	0	6	0	0	0	1	0	1
15	40	35	75	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
16	62	16	78	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
28	97	34	131	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
29	95	60	155	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	93	46	139	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	29	23	52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	46	32	78	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	10
33	52	14	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	0	22
34	23	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3
35	46	10	56	10	1	11	4	0	4	5	0	5
36	42	10	52	0	0	0	1	0	1	13	0	13
37	23	13	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
38	40	31	71	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	5
39	26	22	48	14	0	14	0	0	0	12	1	13
56	44	35	79	1	0	1	1	0	1	2	0	2
57	21	6	27	6	0	6	2	0	2	0	0	0
58	285	123	408	7	2	9	0	0	0	4	1	5
59	75	9	84	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
60	97	53	150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
61	10	0	10	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
62	17	0	17	0	0	0	1	2	3	3	0	3
64	102	47	149	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65	122	15	137	3	1	4	1	0	1	10	0	10
66	61	82	143	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
67	17	20	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
74	29	6	35	25	1	26	4	0	4	27	1	28
75	28	8	36	8	0	8	0	0	0	49	0	49
76	43	27	70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
77	51	3	54	6	0	6	0	0	0	18	0	18
78	91	6	97	10	0	10	2	0	2	24	1	25
79	100	17	117	3	0	3	3	0	3	11	0	11
80	121	21	142	10	0	10	1	0	1	27	0	27
81	45	28	73	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
82	47	38	85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
85	37	40	77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
88	44	35	79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
93	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	22	5	27
134	70	77	147	1	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	1
135	46	99	145	2	4	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
136	55	91	146	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
137	134	16	150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
138	142	12	154	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
139	44	49	93	1	0	1	0	0	0	7	0	7
Total	2997	1466	4463	131	17	148	25	3	28	364	16	380
Percentage	59	30	89	2.6	.4	3	.4	.1	.5	7.2	.3	7.5

8. Educational Status of Children

Out of 5019 children **78%** (3929) children are found out of school and only **22%** (1090) children are found still studying in different formal and informal schools. Among children who are still studying **11.4 %** (569) children are found in primary schools, **7.9 %** (396) in upper primary school and **2.9%** (125) is in high school. Maximum retention rate is in ward no 135 which is 12 % of total surveyed children. (Table.7, 8 , 9 & 12)



Graph: 5 Present Educational Status of Children

Out of school children

Majority of identified children are found out of school. Out of 78% out of school children **40%** (2048) are male, including **6%** (316) in 6-9 years age group, **25 %** (1261) in 10-14 years age group and **9%** (468) in 15-18 years of age group. Remaining **38 %** (1884) are female children including **27 %** (1336) of 6-9 years age group, **4%** (195) 10-14 years age group and **7%** (353) of 15-18 years of age group. (Table 9)

Drop out Children

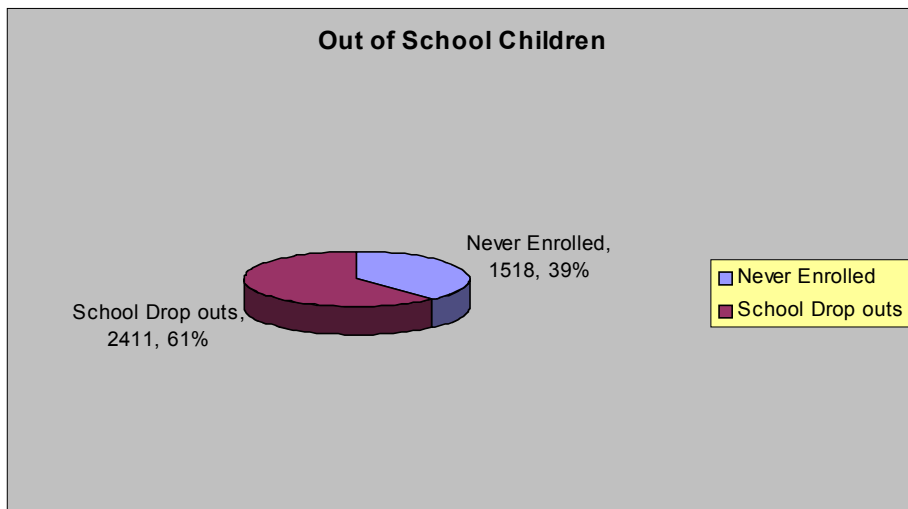
Out of **70%** (3501) children who have attended schools, **48%** (2411) children are found drop out in various classes. Highest rate of drop out is seen in primary level, which is **34.94%** (1754). Out of this maximum drop out is found in class IV, which is **10%** (489) and then in class II that is, **9%** (476). In upper primary level this rate is **11.61%** (583) and in high school it is **1.48%** (74). High drop out rate is seen in ward no. **58** and **138**, which is **4%** and **3%** respectively. Least rate of drop out seen in ward no. **15** which is 0.02% of the total surveyed children.

In the present survey it is found that 100% children who have been found in the ward nos. **28, 30, 57, 93, 137, 138** and **139** are all out of school children including never enrolled.

Never enrolled children

30% (1518) children out of total never enrolled in any educational infrastructure among them **22%** (1110) male and **8%** (408) female. Out of male children 3.6 % (181) children are of 6-9 age groups, 10.9 % (549) children from 10-14 years of age group and 7.6 % (380) children are from 15-18 years of age group. Among female never-enrolled children 2.2% (111) children are from 6 to 9 years age group, 4.1 % (205) children are from 10-14 years age group and 1.8 % (92) is of 15 to 18 years of age group.

Maximum number of never enrolled children is found in KMC Ward Nos. **29** and **30** in 3% (129) and 2% (103) respectively. In comparison, in ward no. **16** and **61**, no never-enrolled children are found.



Graph: 6 Out of School Children

Table 7
Children Studying in different classes

Ward wise distribution of present class of study of the children who are still studying														
Ward No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total	Percentage
1	12	13	7	15	9	11	12	10	8	4	1	1	103	2.05
2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.02
3	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0.04
4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0.04
6	0	0	0	2	2	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	8	0.16
9	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.06
14	1	0	2	2	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0.24
15	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.06
16	0	0	0	1	2	7	2	0	1	0	0	0	13	0.26
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
29	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0.04
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
31	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.02
32	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.06
33	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0.06
34	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.02
35	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0.04
36	0	0	0	2	2	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	9	0.18
37	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.06
38	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0.08
39	3	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0.24
56	10	5	4	12	9	3	3	5	1	1	1	0	54	1.08
57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
58	10	5	11	7	12	7	5	3	2	3	2	3	70	1.39
59	1	2	10	5	3	1	1	2	1	1	2	0	29	0.58
60	0	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0.10
61	1	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0.12
62	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	0.08
64	17	27	22	5	4	2	2	1	2	4	4	1	91	1.81
65	2	2	0	2	3	2	2	0	3	1	0	0	17	0.34
66	0	1	11	54	16	21	10	0	0	0	0	0	113	2.25
67	1	5	2	4	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	15	0.30
74	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.02
75	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0.04
76	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0.08
77	0	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	0	0	1	0	12	0.24
78	0	1	1	12	13	4	4	3	1	2	0	0	41	0.82
79	0	1	0	3	1	1	2	0	1	1	0	0	10	0.20
80	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	1	0	1	3	0	9	0.18
81	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	2	2	3	0	0	11	0.22
82	0	20	25	11	7	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	64	1.28
85	2	4	5	5	4	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	23	0.46
88	0	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0.12
93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
134	5	10	14	16	19	8	8	5	6	9	0	0	100	1.99
135	2	12	10	8	17	13	12	13	9	19	0	0	115	2.29
136	11	12	8	14	12	12	8	7	6	6	3	2	101	2.01
137	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
138	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
139	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Total	86	135	154	194	148	115	75	58	46	55	17	7	1090	21.72
P.C	1.71	2.69	3.07	3.87	2.95	2.29	1.49	1.16	0.92	1.10	0.34	0.14	21.72	

**Table:8
Educational Status of Children**

Ward wise distribution of children according to age-group , sex and status of attending schools													
Ward no	6-9 years				10-14 years				15-18 years				Total Children
	Male		Female		Male		Female		Male		Female		
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	
1	9	0	14	0	47	3	28	0	14	0	14	1	130
2	1	1	0	0	6	8	6	1	4	7	1	0	35
3	3	0	0	0	40	1	10	0	14	0	2	0	70
4	2	3	0	0	9	14	2	1	36	11	1	2	81
6	5	1	0	0	34	6	11	1	27	0	2	0	87
9	0	2	0	4	32	6	8	12	13	14	6	3	100
14	2	0	1	0	29	9	26	10	0	1	2	1	81
15	5	5	1	3	7	20	6	18	1	3	4	3	76
16	2	0	2	0	20	0	9	0	40	0	6	0	79
28	0	18	0	4	14	31	4	9	13	22	6	11	132
29	1	33	5	34	8	39	3	13	8	6	1	4	155
30	4	30	1	12	12	26	6	18	7	14	6	3	139
31	0	3	0	4	5	5	1	12	5	11	3	3	52
32	8	7	0	7	3	25	4	17	1	12	2	2	88
33	3	0	0	0	39	2	8	1	30	0	4	1	88
34	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	18	6	0	0	26
35	3	6	2	1	14	19	1	4	12	11	2	1	76
36	5	1	0	0	16	11	7	2	23	0	1	0	66
37	4	7	4	7	4	8	2	0	0	0	0	0	36
38	3	2	1	2	25	10	10	13	5	0	4	1	76
39	6	3	4	1	7	22	14	8	9	13	2	1	75
56	11	0	12	0	24	4	16	0	8	1	6	1	83
57	3	5	0	0	7	5	2	1	7	2	2	1	35
58	13	7	9	9	83	29	48	10	109	31	36	23	422
59	7	1	1	0	24	6	4	0	25	13	3	1	85
60	9	5	14	2	33	19	18	7	25	6	10	2	150
61	1	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	12
62	1	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	8	6	1	0	23
64	28	9	14	8	34	6	23	2	25	0	0	0	149
65	5	2	0	0	35	28	7	4	39	27	3	2	152
66	10	0	11	0	37	6	64	6	4	4	1	0	143
67	4	2	5	5	6	2	4	2	1	1	4	1	37
74	1	1	1	0	21	20	1	2	22	20	2	2	93
75	2	4	2	2	12	17	3	0	34	16	0	1	93
76	0	0	1	0	6	10	8	7	11	16	5	6	70
77	2	1	1	0	23	19	0	0	14	16	2	0	78
78	2	2	1	1	39	26	3	0	44	14	2	0	134
79	1	6	0	0	39	27	7	1	33	11	8	1	134
80	12	7	3	1	45	25	12	2	45	25	3	0	180
81	0	1	0	0	13	2	7	1	23	7	21	0	75
82	0	0	1	0	37	1	34	0	9	0	3	0	85
85	0	0	0	0	29	2	28	6	5	1	6	0	77
88	0	0	1	0	5	11	12	8	16	12	7	7	79
93	0	1	0	0	1	7	0	3	1	13	1	2	29
134	10	0	17	1	43	2	38	0	14	3	20	2	150
135	7	0	15	1	15	2	53	0	22	2	32	2	151
136	16	2	18	0	24	1	43	1	11	0	29	1	146
137	0	0	0	0	52	3	9	0	78	1	7	0	150
138	0	0	0	0	50	0	6	0	92	0	7	0	155
139	19	3	29	1	15	2	14	1	6	1	10	0	101
Total	230	181	191	111	1138	549	630	205	1011	380	301	92	5019
Percentage	4.6	3.6	3.8	2.2	22.7	10.9	12.6	4.1	20.1	7.6	6.0	1.8	100.0

**Table 9
Out of School Children**

Ward wise, sex wise and age group wise distribution of children presently not studying in schools								
Ward No	Male			Female			Total Out of School	Total children
	6-9 years	10-14 years	15-18 years	6-9 years	10-14 years	15-18 years		
1	1	15	6	1	1	3	27	130
2	2	14	10	0	7	1	34	35
3	2	39	14	0	8	5	68	70
4	4	23	46	0	3	3	79	81
6	6	36	24	0	9	4	79	87
9	2	36	27	4	20	8	97	100
14	2	35	1	0	25	6	69	81
15	9	26	4	4	22	8	73	76
16	0	19	40	0	4	3	66	79
28	18	45	35	4	13	17	132	132
29	34	46	13	38	16	6	153	155
30	34	38	21	13	24	9	139	139
31	3	9	16	4	12	7	51	52
32	11	28	13	7	20	6	85	88
33	2	39	30	0	9	5	85	88
34	0	1	24	0	0	0	25	26
35	9	33	23	1	5	3	74	76
36	6	22	20	0	8	1	57	66
37	8	11	0	10	2	2	33	36
38	4	32	5	3	19	9	72	76
39	5	26	14	7	8	3	63	75
56	2	15	5	0	2	5	29	83
57	8	12	9	0	3	3	35	35
58	19	83	145	11	34	60	352	422
59	3	18	30	0	0	5	56	85
60	14	52	31	15	22	11	145	150
61	0	5	1	0	0	0	6	12
62	1	4	12	1	1	0	19	23
64	16	14	12	10	6	0	58	149
65	4	55	61	0	8	7	135	152
66	1	10	4	0	15	0	30	143
67	5	2	1	7	5	2	22	37
74	2	38	39	0	3	10	92	93
75	5	29	50	3	3	1	91	93
76	0	16	27	1	11	11	66	70
77	2	33	25	0	0	6	66	78
78	8	43	31	2	2	7	93	134
79	7	62	40	0	6	9	124	134
80	18	64	65	3	13	8	171	180
81	1	13	28	0	8	14	64	75
82	4	3	5	0	4	5	21	85
85	0	18	6	0	26	4	54	77
88	0	16	28	1	14	14	73	79
93	1	8	13	0	3	4	29	29
134	3	17	11	4	6	9	50	150
135	4	4	11	6	3	8	36	151
136	4	7	8	5	4	17	45	146
137	0	55	78	0	9	8	150	150
138	0	50	92	0	6	7	155	155
139	22	17	7	30	16	9	101	101
Total	316	1336	1261	195	468	353	3929	5019
Percentage	6.296075	26.61885	25.12453	3.885236	9.324567	7.033274	78.28253	100

Table:10
Never enrolled children

Ward wise distribution of children Never attended school							
Ward no	6-9 years		10-14 years		15-18 years		Total Children
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
1	0	0	3	0	0	1	4
2	1	0	8	1	7	0	17
3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
4	3	0	14	1	11	2	31
6	1	0	6	1	0	0	8
9	2	4	6	12	14	3	41
14	0	0	9	10	1	1	21
15	5	3	20	18	3	3	52
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	18	4	31	9	22	11	95
29	33	34	39	13	6	4	129
30	30	12	26	18	14	3	103
31	3	4	5	12	11	3	38
32	7	7	25	17	12	2	70
33	0	0	2	1	0	1	4
34	0	0	0	0	6	0	6
35	6	1	19	4	11	1	42
36	1	0	11	2	0	0	14
37	7	7	8	0	0	0	22
38	2	2	10	13	0	1	28
39	3	1	22	8	13	1	48
56	0	0	4	0	1	1	6
57	5	0	5	1	2	1	14
58	7	9	29	10	31	23	109
59	1	0	6	0	13	1	21
60	5	2	19	7	6	2	41
61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
62	0	1	2	1	6	0	10
64	9	8	6	2	0	0	25
65	2	0	28	4	27	2	63
66	0	0	6	6	4	0	16
67	2	5	2	2	1	1	13
74	1	0	20	2	20	2	45
75	4	2	17	0	16	1	40
76	0	0	10	7	16	6	39
77	1	0	19	0	16	0	36
78	2	1	26	0	14	0	43
79	6	0	27	1	11	1	46
80	7	1	25	2	25	0	60
81	1	0	2	1	7	0	11
82	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
85	0	0	2	6	1	0	9
88	0	0	11	8	12	7	38
93	1	0	7	3	13	2	26
134	0	1	2	0	3	2	8
135	0	1	2	0	2	2	7
136	2	0	1	1	0	1	5
137	0	0	3	0	1	0	4
138	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
139	3	1	2	1	1	0	8
Total	181	111	549	205	380	92	1518
Percentage	3.6	2.2	10.9	4.1	7.6	1.8	30.2

Table: 11
Children attended last class

Ward No.	Last class attended by children										Total	Percentage
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
1	2	4	3	4	4	4	1	0	0	1	23	0.46
2	0	2	7	3	5	0	1	0	0	0	18	0.36
3	0	8	23	26	3	6	0	1	0	0	67	1.33
4	0	2	5	11	9	4	4	8	1	0	44	0.88
6	0	7	21	32	4	6	1	4	1	0	76	1.51
9	4	5	17	21	4	6	0	0	2	0	59	1.18
15	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.02
16	36	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	65	1.30
28	0	4	5	14	5	3	4	0	0	0	35	0.70
29	4	10	5	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	25	0.50
30	6	9	10	5	4	1	0	0	0	0	35	0.70
31	0	4	1	3	2	1	0	1	2	0	14	0.28
32	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0.10
33	0	9	29	27	5	9	2	1	0	0	82	1.63
34	0	2	4	4	2	4	3	1	0	0	20	0.40
35	1	5	11	5	5	4	2	1	0	0	34	0.68
36	1	8	15	16	3	1	1	3	1	0	49	0.98
38	0	6	9	9	3	2	0	1	0	0	30	0.60
39	8	8	4	2	4	0	1	0	0	0	27	0.54
56	14	8	6	12	17	4	3	6	1	2	73	1.45
57	2	7	4	1	2	3	2	0	0	0	21	0.42
58	4	34	39	29	36	19	14	6	6	1	188	3.75
59	1	12	18	12	3	5	2	2	1	3	59	1.18
60	0	0	2	12	6	11	6	0	0	0	37	0.74
61	0	3	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	0.12
62	0	1	4	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	10	0.20
64	40	35	17	11	3	3	1	5	3	4	122	2.43
65	1	4	7	19	13	4	18	2	1	2	71	1.41
66	0	12	36	49	5	10	5	0	0	0	117	2.33
67	3	8	4	3	1	1	3	1	0	0	24	0.48
74	1	7	5	8	10	2	5	7	0	2	47	0.94
75	0	4	7	9	9	1	4	7	1	0	42	0.84
76	2	6	6	10	1	4	0	1	0	0	30	0.60
77	2	0	6	3	3	2	5	1	3	0	25	0.50
78	4	11	9	8	6	0	3	1	2	1	45	0.90
79	8	11	17	12	12	6	7	5	1	6	85	1.69
80	13	19	16	13	11	8	2	7	0	5	94	1.87
81	0	0	6	26	6	10	0	5	5	5	63	1.26
82	1	10	3	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	19	0.38
85	5	22	19	9	2	3	0	0	0	0	60	1.20
88	3	8	10	12	1	7	0	0	0	0	41	0.82
134	3	9	8	17	9	2	2	2	3	2	57	1.14
135	1	2	3	12	1	2	1	0	1	3	26	0.52
136	1	3	5	10	5	1	7	2	0	2	36	0.72
137	103	40	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	150	2.99
138	78	75	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	154	3.07
Total	353	476	436	489	231	160	111	81	35	39	2411	48.04
Percentage	7.03	9.48	8.69	9.74	4.60	3.19	2.21	1.61	0.70	0.78	48.04	

9. Employment Status of Children

Highest number of working children is engaged in rag picking, which is about **11%** (537) and majority of them are in ward no **58**, where out of 422 children, 223 children are rag pickers. Greater part of them is out of school children. Second highest number of child labour is engaged in embroidery work, which are about 9% (444) children.

Highest population of them are in Ward no. **139**, where out of 101 children 100 children are found engaged in embroidery work. Third highest number of children is found as domestic maid. It is **8%** (404) of total children and maximum of this children are in ward no. **60**, where 31 children out of 150 are engaged as domestic maid. (Table 12)

It is seen that majority of out of school children are engaged in rag picking (8 %), embroidery work (7%), domestic maid (6%), working in roadside hotels and dhabas (5%) respectively.

Table:12
Educational Status and Nature of Work

Status of children according their present study condition and nature of work						
Sl. No.	Nature of work	If the child is still studying		Total	% Study & work	% Not Study & but work
		Yes	No			
1	Rag picking	123	414	537	10.7	8.25
2	Selling flower	7	28	35	0.7	0.56
3	Selling aggarbatti	1	18	19	0.38	0.36
4	Selling books etc	0	21	21	0.42	0.42
5	Selling fruits	19	91	110	2.19	1.81
6	Selling other item as hawker	22	32	54	1.08	0.64
7	Working in garage	31	172	203	4.04	3.43
8	Working in road side hotel etc	18	234	252	5.02	4.66
9	Working in tea stall	17	96	113	2.25	1.91
10	Working in grocery	29	125	154	3.07	2.49
11	Working in vegetable market	14	84	98	1.95	1.67
12	Working in workshop	26	104	130	2.59	2.07
13	Battery breaking	1	12	13	0.26	0.24
14	Domestic maid	97	307	404	8.05	6.12
15	Leather work	45	137	182	3.63	2.73
16	Rubber work	6	23	29	0.58	0.46
17	Plastic recycling	24	85	109	2.17	1.69
18	Bidi making	1	7	8	0.16	0.14
19	Paper packet making	38	61	99	1.97	1.22
20	Shirt labels	4	28	32	0.64	0.56
21	Book binding	10	64	74	1.47	1.28
22	Construction	2	29	31	0.62	0.58
23	Welding	6	43	49	0.98	0.86
24	Van Puller	5	56	61	1.22	1.12
25	Rickshaw puller	1	55	56	1.12	1.10
26	Bulb making	0	12	12	0.24	0.24
27	Transport	6	27	33	0.66	0.54
28	Painting job	1	18	19	0.38	0.36
29	Dolls making	1	21	22	0.44	0.42
30	Shoe polish	1	50	51	1.02	1.00
31	Rakhi making	17	14	31	0.62	0.28
32	Slaughter	0	21	21	0.42	0.42
33	Sofa making	4	13	17	0.34	0.26
34	Bakery	6	23	29	0.58	0.46
35	Embroidery	103	341	444	8.85	6.79
36	Fire works	0	6	6	0.12	0.12
37	Sweeper	6	104	110	2.19	2.07
38	Drug peddling	0	1	1	0.02	0.02
39	Liquor selling	0	3	3	0.06	0.06
40	Working in fish market	7	45	52	1.04	0.90
41	Working in bangles making	3	21	24	0.48	0.42
42	Kite Making	85	90	175	3.49	1.79
43	Bindi Making	23	15	38	0.76	0.30
44	Others	280	778	1058	21.08	15.50
	Total	1090	3929	5019	100	

10. Migration Status of Children

In the present survey it is found that out of total children **31% (1553)** children are migrated in Kolkata from different states of India including Bangladesh and Nepal. Among the Indian states children are mostly migrated from Bihar, different districts of West Bengal, Jharkhand, Uttar Pradesh, Odissa and Gujrat. In many cases it is found that children had migrated alone. No migration is reported in the KMC Ward No. 31, 66,67, 134, 135 & 136.

Table:13
Migration Status of Children

Ward No.	Children migrated with						Total	% of Migration
	Parent		Other family members		Alone			
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female		
1	15	11	3	1	2	0	32	0.64
2	7	7	0	1	12	0	27	0.54
3	1	1	1	0	8	0	11	0.22
4	18	3	15	0	17	0	53	1.06
6	1	0	1	0	5	0	7	0.14
9	4	2	5	0	9	2	22	0.44
14	18	22	0	0	0	0	40	0.80
15	23	23	0	0	0	0	46	0.92
16	59	12	0	0	0	0	71	1.41
28	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0.02
29	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.02
30	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.02
32	26	14	1	0	8	0	49	0.98
33	5	1	2	0	16	0	24	0.48
34	0	0	1	0	2	0	3	0.06
35	14	2	3	0	8	0	27	0.54
36	4	0	1	0	2	0	7	0.14
37	3	1	0	0	0	0	4	0.08
38	11	19	0	0	5	0	35	0.70
39	13	0	9	0	1	1	24	0.48
56	26	19	1	0	2	0	48	0.96
57	1	0	3	0	4	0	8	0.16
58	102	26	0	0	0	0	128	2.55
59	4	2	2	0	1	0	9	0.18
60	8	6	0	0	0	0	14	0.28
61	3	0	2	0	0	0	5	0.10
62	10	2	0	0	3	0	15	0.30
64	11	0	2	0	0	0	13	0.26
65	2	0	0	0	10	0	12	0.24
74	25	3	30	0	18	1	77	1.53
75	24	1	27	0	24	0	76	1.51
76	10	9	0	0	0	0	19	0.38
77	5	0	14	0	11	0	30	0.60
78	23	1	11	0	19	1	55	1.10
79	38	4	6	0	5	0	53	1.06
80	63	11	12	0	20	0	106	2.11
81	21	9	0	1	0	0	31	0.62
82	35	23	0	0	0	0	58	1.16
85	5	4	0	0	0	0	9	0.18
88	12	12	0	0	0	0	24	0.48
93	1	0	2	0	20	5	28	0.56
137	132	16	0	0	0	0	148	2.95
138	123	11	0	0	0	0	134	2.67
Total	891	268	151	2	231	10	1553	30.94

Conclusion

Identification of Street and Working Children engaged in work in different authorized and unauthorized establishments in 50 Selected KMC Wards, where slum and working population is high found total 5019 children. Though it is expected that few more children are still out of reach in these selected 50 wards, but a clear percentage of social scenario has revealed out of the survey. The matter of concern is that in spite of *Bhartikaran Karmasuchi* of Government about 78% (3929) children are found out of school and 30% (1518) children never been to any educational infrastructure. Considering the vision of Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act 2009 it is a great challenge to bring all these child labourers who are within 6 to 14 years under the framework of elementary education, track them and ensure their completion of elementary education. As majority of them are contributing a lion share for their family survival and their parents too forcing them to earn money.

It was a unique effort and similar efforts in remaining KMC Wards or any other corporation or municipality areas is in demand to identify more such children who are in need of education under the surveillance of Right to Education Act 2009. Only one and half year (18 months) have remained out of three years, for implementing the Right to Education Act 2009 for children and thus it is the high time to identify who are still out of the elementary education.

Apart from the purview of the education of children, the report has pointed the socio-economical scenario of society and child protection issues in the heart of Kolkata City. More interventions are required in government and non-government level to reduce child labour both in authorized and unauthorized sectors.